

POETRY.

From the Connecticut Journal.
SONG.

Strike, strike the note of sorrow,
That late so moved me—
My sinking heart would borrow,
From sounds so passing sweet,
Fond moments once so fleet,
Beside the youth who loved me.

O! set the music flowing—
My soul forever
Could dwell on words so glowing,
On sounds so soft and clear,
To all my heart so dear,
They can be silent never.

Give me the lute—the lute,
For I would ring it,
O! breathe that Spartan flute,
And wake my languid soul,
Till loosed from Earth's control,
Heaven's fire shall wing it.

No! touch the chord of feeling,
And lightly wake it;
And as I hear, come stealing
From out my bleeding heart
Tears, such as woes impart—
Be still, or else ye break it.

PERCIVAL.

WHAT AM I?

My first and last transposed, are still
In sound and sense the same;
Of half-whipped truant's low complaint,
I constitute the name;
But backward read, I am the cause
Of many a weeping eye,
And broken heart, and orphan tear—
The drunkard's daily cry.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The following is a fine picture of Washington in retirement. It is from one of his own letters:

"I am just beginning to experience the ease & freedom from the cares, which, how ever desirable, it takes some time to realize; for strange as it may seem, it is nevertheless true, that it was not till lately I could get the better of my usual custom of ruminating, as soon as I awoke in the morning, on the business of the ensuing day and of my surprise on finding, after revolving many things in my mind, that I was no longer a public man, or had any thing to do with public transactions. I feel, as I conceive a weary traveller must do, who, after treading many a painful step, with a heavy burden on his shoulders, is eased of the latter, having reached the haven to which all the former were directed, and from his housetop is looking back, and tracing with an eager eye the meanders by which he has escaped the quicksands and mines which lay in his way, and into which none but the all-powerful Guide and Dispenser of human events could have prevented his falling. I have become a private citizen on the banks of the Potomac; and under the shadow of my own vine and my own fig tree, free from the bustle of a camp, and the busy scenes of a public life, I am solacing myself with those tranquil enjoyments of which the soldier, who is ever in pursuit of fame—the statesman, whose watchful days and sleepless nights are spent in devising schemes to promote the welfare of his own, perhaps the ruin of other countries, as if this globe was insufficient for us all—and the courtier, who is always watching the countenance of his prince, in the hope of catching a gracious smile, can have very little conception. I am not only retired from all public employments, but am retired within myself, and shall be able to view the solitary walk, and tread the paths of private life with heartfelt satisfaction. Envious of none, I am determined to be pleased with all—and this, my dear friend, being the order of my march, I will move gently down the stream of life until I sleep with my fathers."

Western Hospitality.—Returning from one of these excursions, I was overtaken by night, and found my path obstructed by a deep inlet from the river; which being choked with logs and brush, could not be crossed by swimming. Observing a house on the opposite side, I called for assistance. A half-naked, ill-looking fellow came down, and after dragging a canoe round from the river, with some trouble, ferried me over, and I followed him to his habitation, near to which our boat was moored for the night. His cabin was of the meanest kind, consisting of a single apartment, constructed of logs, which contained a family of seven or eight souls, and every thing seemed to designate him as a new and untried settler. After drinking a bowl of milk, which I really called for by way of excuse for paying him a little more for his trouble, I asked to know his charge for ferrying me over the water, to which he good humoredly replied, that he "never took money for helping a traveller on his way." "Then let me pay you for your milk." "I never sell milk." "But," said I, urging him, "I would rather pay you, I have money enough." "Well," said he, "I have milk enough, so we're even; I have as good a right to give you milk as you have to give me money."—*Judge Hall's Letters.*

Leather Stocking.—Simeon Kendall, of Ohio, who is represented as the prototype of Cooper's inimitable Leather Stocking, has applied to Congress for a pension, and the house have directed that a bill be reported in his favour. He is said to be one of the most extraordinary men now living. He entered Kentucky in 1771, and continued there through all the struggles with the Indians, sustaining his position after Boone and his companions fled. The anecdotes related of his adventures are said to be almost incredible. On one occasion,

when watching the frontiers, he saved the infant settlement from the Indians by running 60 miles in one day and night, and spreading the alarm. Kendall headed the whites, and with extraordinary skill and courage, defeated the savages. He never held any military rank, but was always selected as a leader in excursions against the Indians. At one time he was taken prisoner, and the Indians had placed faggots around him to burn him alive, when he was released by the intervention of a Frenchman. He afterwards saved the life of his deliverer. In 1813, his military ardour was by no means subdued, and he rendered himself formidable to the enemy during the war, by his long rifle, though attached to no regular corps. He has always been strictly temperate, but is now in penury, extremely old, and surrounded by a large family.

A THANKSGIVING TURKEY.

An ingenious contriver of ways and means, residing hereabouts, some twenty years ago, being in want of a turkey wherewith to be thankful according to law, on the last Thursday in November, set his wits to work to produce one without labor, love or money. Turkeys, as every body knows, are fond of an apple-tree for their couch, and our hero, going in the stillness of night, singled out a fine fat gobbler from a tree full belonging to one of his neighbors. While reconnoitering the roost, he heard the feathered bipeds say, very distinctly, "Quit! quit! quit!" but considering these as mere words of course, he did not regard them a feather, but taking a bit of red yarn from his pocket, he made it fast to the right leg of his intended prize, and retired without further alarming the brood, or at all disturbing their owner.

The next day he went to his neighbor's house, with the following interrogatory:—"You haven't seen no stray gobbler here, have you?" The neighbor answered that he had not; but that there might possibly be one amongst his turkeys; and asked the other if he should know the turkey on seeing him. "O yes," said the wily man of inventions, "I should know him very well, by a bit of red yarn he has around his right leg." Accordingly the whole flock of turkeys were assembled, and the man deeply regretting his loss and declaring he would not have taken a silver dollar for the bird, began to examine the "whole lot." "Gobble! gobble! gobble!" said an indignant turkey, taller than the rest by a head. "Ah! that's he," said the man, springing up two feet as he spoke, "that's the very identical fellow, don't you see he has got the mark on?" "Well, so he has, sure enough," said the honest neighbor, taking two quids of pigtail in three seconds—and yet, I'll be darned and roasted alive, if he doesn't look as much like a gobbler of mine as two white beans!" "Howsomever, as the critter belongs to you, why, you must take him, that's all." He said no more, but caught the turkey and handed him over (as he verily supposed) to the rightful claimant. The other thanked him for his trouble, and after inviting him to come and take a Thanksgiving supper with him, and telling him he should be as welcome to a bit of the turkey as though it was his own, he marched off triumphantly, with his prize under his arm, and a laugh in his sleeve.—*Berkshire American.*

Anecdote.—In a certain town, in the 'land of steady habits,' there lived an odd sort of a Jonathan, who, at the period of our story, had just attained the age when it became necessary that he should perform military duty. Accordingly he was directed to join one of the train bands, a circumstance that aroused the terrors of his imagination to their highest pitch, for he had never mustered sufficient courage to fire a musket. In vain did his tender and affectionate mother beseech him to practice the art of gunnery, (on a small scale)—"he could not bring his resolution to the sticking place." He often attempted to pull the trigger, but by some strange forebodings, his heart as often failed him. At length the dreaded day arrived, and Jonathan, armed cap-a-pie, with his 'bright and burning arms,' sallied forth, sought the field, and 'proudly glittered on parade.' Each soldier was provided with nine blank cartridges for the purpose of firing nine rounds. When the word was given, his comrades loaded, and so did Jonathan—they fired, but our hero was too much alarmed by the flash of his neighbor's guns to think of pulling trigger—they re-loaded, and so did Jonathan, until the end of the 9th chapter, without having once fired his piece, for his courage, like that of Bob Acres, kept continually 'oozing out at his fingers' ends.' The parade over, Jonathan trudged home, with nine cartridges in his musket, well rammed down. On his arrival his fond mama anxiously inquired of him whether he had fired his gun? On his replying in the negative, she pronounced him a vile coward, seized the fatal piece, and elevated it to her shoulder, while Jonathan skulked behind the door. A pause ensued—it seemed 'like a pause in nature'—at length the trigger is pulled—the piece explodes, and is shattered into a thousand atoms, while the force of the concussion threw the terrified lady into the fire place. Her hopeful son, as soon as he got the better of the amazement, peeped out from behind the door and exclaimed, "Mother! mother! don't get up yet, for there's eight more on 'em to come, sartain."—*Rich. Rep.*

Tour of a Present.—A French girl, equally remarkable for beauty and merit, was addressed by a young nobleman, who, having tried all arts to gain her affections unsuccessfully, was determined to see what

effect presents would have on her. For this experiment, he purchased four bottles of peas at an exorbitant price, (as they were then the only ones to be got in Paris,) and sent to his beloved. The mother of the young lady accepted them for her; and being at that time engaged in a law suit, and much reduced in finances, proposed selling them. The daughter was for some time averse to the disgraceful conduct; but she was over-ruled, and an old servant was sent out to sell them to the prince de Gondé. Another lover of the young lady's, not the servant, and not knowing who she was, bought them of her for an extravagant sum; he immediately dispatched them to his mistress, who laughed heartily at their return, and had one of the bottles served up for dinner. Three more were now remaining, and these the mother sent as a douceur to her attorney, hoping to ensure his honesty by her liberality. The attorney transferred them to a marquis who patronized him, and the marquis dispatched them a third time to the lovely Parisian, with whom he was also enamored.—The last present arrived when the two other lovers were in company with their mistress, and they both set down to supper with her upon their own peas!

Anecdote.—After a consultation, several physicians decided that a dropsical patient should be tapped. Upon hearing the decision of the doctors, a son of the sick man approached him and exclaimed, "Father! don't submit to the operation, for there was never any thing tapped in our house that lasted more than a week."

No man ever offended his own conscience but first or last it was revenged on him for it.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

HAVING formed a Copartnership, under the firm of
PECK, STAPLES & CO.
will transact the Wholesale Dry Good Jobbing Business, at 180 Pearl street.

ALLEN PECK,
W. J. STAPLES,
WM. M. CLARKE.

Merchants of Litchfield County are respectfully invited to call and examine a general and well selected assortment of

Dry Goods,

which will be sold by the Package or Piece at a small advance from Auction Prices for Cash or approved credit, by
PECK, STAPLES & CO.
180 Pearl Street.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1829. 1740

Nichols & Welles,

No. 232 Pearl Street. (near Burling Slip.)

NEW-YORK,

ARE now receiving, and offer for sale, on the most reasonable terms, a choice assortment of
British, French, and American

Dry Goods,

purchased mostly at auction; to an examination of which country merchants are respectfully invited.

New-York, March, 1829. 6180

LOST,

THE third Volume of **RABALAIS**. The person who may have it in his possession will confer a favour upon the owner by leaving it at this office.
Litchfield, March 12. 59

At a Court of Probate for the District of Sharon, holden at Salisbury, on the 7th day of March, A. D. 1829.

Present, Samuel Church, Esq. Judge.
UPON the petition of Abiathar Wolcott, of said Salisbury, shewing to this Court that he is guardian of Caroline E. Warner, Mary Ann Warner, and Albert G. Warner, of said Salisbury, minors; that said minors are the owners of real estate situate in said Salisbury, viz: That part of the real estate which formerly belonged to Daniel Warner, late of said Salisbury, deceased, which was distributed in severalty to said minors as the children and heirs at law of the said Daniel Warner, praying for liberty to sell the same, as per petition on file, dated March 7, 1829.

Thereupon, ordered, That the further consideration of said petition be adjourned until the first Tuesday of June next; then to be heard at the Probate Office in said Salisbury, at nine o'clock in the forenoon; and also that said guardian give public notice thereof by publishing this order in a newspaper printed in Litchfield, three weeks successively, at least six weeks before the said first Tuesday of June next. A copy of record.
40 SAMUEL CHURCH, Judge.

LOTTERY.

Drawn Numbers in Class 12.
15 32 36 7 51 19
Drawn Numbers in 6th Class, Extra.
45 33 24 27 3 16

Canaan Lottery, Class No. 2.
Draws this day, March 19.

Class No. 13, Groton.
Draws 3d April. Highest Prize,

\$3000.

Tickets only \$2. Shares in proportion.
Class 7, Extra.

Draws April 10.
Highest Prize, \$2000.

Tickets only \$1. Shares in proportion.
Foreign prize tickets exchanged. Cash paid for Prizes as usual.
N. COOLEY.
Litchfield, March 10. 40

THE SUBSCRIBER

OFFERS FOR SALE ABOUT

20 acres of LAND.

Said Land is chiefly a peninsula, bounded on the Great Pond in Litchfield, commonly called **THE FOLLY**, and is an excellent place to keep sheep, as well as cattle, requiring but very little fence.

ELISHA HORTON.

Litchfield, March 4, 1829. 4138

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership in trade existing between the subscribers under the firm of **Sanford & Harrison**, is by mutual consent this day dissolved. All persons having unsettled accounts with said firm are requested to settle the same without delay, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment.

SIMEON SANFORD,

WM. H. HARRISON.

Litchfield, 3d March, 1829.

The undersigned having formed a connection in business in the name and under the firm of

HARRISON & PICKETT,

offer for sale on reasonable terms,

A General Assortment of

GOODS,

at the store lately occupied by Sanford & Harrison; and they respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

WM. H. HARRISON,

ALANSON J. PICKETT.

Litchfield, March 5, 1829. 4139

LITCHFIELD, DANBURY, AND NORWALK



Mail Stage,

LEAVES Litchfield Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 8 o'clock A. M. and arrives at Norwalk on the days following at 1 o'clock P. M. passing through New Preston, New Milford, Brookfield, Danbury, (at which place it stops over night,) Redding, and Wilton, to New-York. Returning, leaves Norwalk Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and arrives at Litchfield on the days following.

This line intersects at Danbury a daily stage for New-York, which leaves Danbury at 5 o'clock A. M. and arrives in New-York at 4 o'clock P. M. of the same day. Returning, leaves New-York at 7 o'clock A. M. and arrives at Danbury in the evening of the same day. FARE FROM LITCHFIELD TO NEW-YORK, on this route, **ONLY FOUR DOLLARS.**

H. BARNES.

Litchfield, Jan. 22, 1829. 32

Valuable Property.

FOR SALE,

THE delightful situation in the beautiful village of Litchfield, occupied by the subscriber, about half a mile north of the court house, containing about six acres of first rate meadow and pasture land, an orchard, a large two story dwelling house in good repair, a barn, and other necessary outbuildings. There is a good well, besides a never failing spring of water on the premises.

Being in the vicinity of the Female Academy, the above situation is well calculated for a boarding house, and has been used as such for a number of years. Terms, a part down, the remainder to lie a number of years, if desired. Apply on the premises to
MARY BULL.
Litchfield, March 4, 1829. 1738

RANAWAY

FROM the subscriber, a negro boy named **Jeremiah Brown**, 18 years old, about five feet nine inch in height. Whoever will return said boy shall receive one cent reward, and no charges paid. All persons are forbid harboring or trusting said boy on my account.
JOHN HUNGERFORD, Jr.
Wolcottville, March 5, 1829. 39

NOTICE.

THE Judge of the Hon. Court of Probate for the District of Litchfield has limited and allowed six months from the date hereof for the creditors of the estate of

RUTH FROST.

late of Harwinton, deceased, within which to exhibit their claims for settlement to the subscriber. All claims not exhibited according to law will be barred a recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

PHINEAS W. NOBLE.

Administrator, with the will annexed.
Harwinton, March 9, 1829. 39

NOTICE.

THE Court of Probate for the District of Norfolk hath limited and allowed six months from the date hereof, for the creditors to the estate of

JOSIAH EVERETT.

late of Winchester, deceased, to exhibit their claims for settlement. Those who neglect to present their accounts properly attested within said time will be barred a recovery. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to
NOBLE J. EVERETT, } Executors.
JAMES BEEBE, }
Winchester, March 4, 1829. 39

Litchfield County, ss.
Litchfield Superior Court, Feb. term, 1829.

UPON the petition of Sarah Butts, of Watertown, in Litchfield county, brought to this Court, showing that on the 30th day of August, 1818, she was married to one Israel G. Butts, and stating his wilful desertion, and absence for more than three years, and that he has been guilty of adultery; and praying for a bill of divorce, as by petition on file may more fully appear. Said petition was continued until the third Tuesday in August next, to the session of the Superior Court in said Litchfield. Notice is hereby given to the said Israel G. Butts, that he may appear and defend said petition, if he see cause.

FREDERICK WOLCOTT,

Clerk.
February 25. 6157

FOR SALE,

THE DWELLING HOUSE and OUT-HOUSES, late the property of Col Wm. Cogswell, deceased, together with about four Acres of Land. The above property has a central situation in New Preston, near the junction of the Turnpike Roads leading from New Milford and Bull's bridge through Litchfield to Hartford. This as a tavern stand is unequalled by any in the town, and the buildings are well calculated for that business. Unless previously disposed of at private sale, the above will be sold on the premises at public auction on the first day of April next.

Terms may be known on application to

DAVID C. WHITTLESEY.

Washington, Litchfield Co. Ct. }
February 18, 1829. } 6*86

At a Town Meeting legally warned and held in Goshen on the 12th day of February, 1829, for the express purpose of making a by-law to restrain Horses, Cattle, Swine, Sheep, and Geese from running at large on the Highways and Commons in said town of Goshen, and for regulating such as shall go at large—the following Votes were adopted, on penalty of the sums specified in each Vote, payable by the owner to any person or persons impounding the same, over and above the legal impounding fees.

1. VOTED, to restrain all Horses, or horse kind, from running at large on the highway or commons in the town of Goshen, from and after the 10th day of April next, until the 10th of November next, on penalty of 50 cents each, for each time they may be taken up and impounded.

2. Voted, to restrain all neat cattle from running at large on the highway and commons, on penalty of 50 cents each, for each creature impounded from the 10th day of April next one year—except that each family shall be privileged to keep two cows on said highways and commons, between the rising and setting of the sun on each day they shall be so allowed.

3. Voted, to restrain all Sheep from running at large on the highways and commons in the town of Goshen, for one year from the 10th day of April next, under penalty of 12 1-2 cents each, for each sheep impounded for so running at large.

4. Voted, that all Swine be restrained from running at large on the highway in the town of Goshen from the 10th day of April next for one year, under a penalty of 25 cents for each swine impounded for so running at large.

5. Voted, that all Geese be restrained from running at large on the highway in the town of Goshen, for one year from the 10th day of April next, under a penalty of 12 1-2 cents for each goose impounded for so running at large.

6. Voted, that it shall be the duty of the Haywards, and any freeholder of said town of Goshen is hereby authorized, to take up and impound any such creature so found running at large, which is mentioned in said by-laws.

7. Voted, that the town clerk shall cause the foregoing by-law to be published in the Litchfield Enquirer, four weeks successively, before the 10th day of April next, agreeable to the requirement of the statute law of the State of Connecticut.

A true copy of record.

Attest, **ADINO HALE,**

4 38 Town Clerk.

At an Annual Town Meeting legally warned and held in Sharon on Monday the 6th day of October, A. D. 1828.

By-Law restraining Cattle and Horses.

VOTED, "That if any owner of any Horse or Cattle shall suffer the same to go at large out of his or her enclosure, after the first day of April next, such owner shall forfeit and pay to the person who shall take up and impound the same, the sum of twenty-five cents for each head of Cattle and for each Horse, for each time they shall be so found at large, or out of the owner's enclosure, and taken up."

That it shall be the duty of the Haywards, in their several districts, and it shall be lawful for any other person, to impound any Cattle or Horses so found out of the enclosure of the owner and at large, who together with the Pound keeper, shall regulate their proceedings, receive the same compensation, and have the same powers as are granted in the Statute Law of this State, "Entitled Pounds," provided that no penalty be incurred under this By-Law shall exceed the sum of three dollars, and the owner of such Cattle or Horses so impounded shall not receive the same from the Pound, until he shall have paid to the person impounding the same, the amount of the forfeiture, and to the Pound keeper his fees, and his expenses for keeping such creatures, as in other cases of creatures impounded.

Provided nevertheless, that any person who has a family residence in said town of Sharon, may, if he chooses, suffer one cow to run at large on the Public Highway, and not incur the aforesaid penalty."

A true Copy of Record.

Attest, **GEO. KING, Jr.**

4 38 Town Clerk.

Probate Office, ss. District of Litchfield,

March 10, 1829.

UPON the petition of John Winchell, of Harwinton, in said Probate District, shewing to this Court that he is the father and natural guardian of Samuel Winchell, Milo Winchell, and Chloe Winchell, of said Harwinton, minors under the age of 21 years; and that the said minors are the owners in fee under the incumbrance of his life estate of three-sevenths parts of two certain pieces of land, lying in said Harwinton, with some buildings thereon, in common and undivided with four other persons named in said petition; said land being particularly bounded and described in said petition; and praying this Court, for the reasons therein stated, to authorize and empower said petitioner or some other meet person to sell and give lawful conveyances of the interest of said minors in said land, as per petition on file, dated the 10th day of March, 1829.

It is therefore ordered, That said petition be continued to the 13th day of May next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, then to be heard at the Probate Office in Litchfield; and that a copy of this order be published in the newspaper printed at Litchfield called the Litchfield Enquirer, three weeks in succession, at least six weeks before said 13th day of May; which being done, shall be due notice to all concerned.

A true copy of record.

39* **FREDERICK WOLCOTT, Judge.**

NOTICE.

ALL persons are forbid harboring or trusting my wife **LAURA**, on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting.

HIRAM JOHNSON.

Canaan, 9th March, 1829. 399